

Importance of Coordination in Ensuring HIV/AIDS Commodity Security

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In Nigeria, absence of coordination and information sharing led to:

- Donors and government working in silos led to unavailability of ARVs for many patients due to poor maximization of available resources
- Costly ARV expiries and additional costs for reverse logistics, incineration and safe disposal
- Frequent emergency procurements
- Vertical supply chain activities across donor funding streams



SCMS in action:

- Worked with the National AIDS/STI Control Programme (NASCP) on designing a Logistics Management Information System (LMIS) to increase visibility of ARV stock status
- Provided logistics training to strengthen supply chain management within the National HIV/AIDS Programme
- Aggregated LMIS data, used to inform decision making at quarterly PEPFAR Procurement and Supply Chain Management Technical Working Group meetings
- Managed pooled procurement of ARVs and OI drugs for PEPFAR implementing partners

Results:

- Since January 2010, exchanged ARVs and OI drugs between IPs worth USD \$2.7million, which would have been lost to expiry, through efficient information sharing
- Since 2009, there have been no ARV emergency orders
- Achieved savings of \$40 million against original budgets
- Improved commodity availability through partner collaboration
- Supported NASCP's leadership and coordination of donor efforts

